

## Verbal Multiword Expressions

### Verb-Particle Constructions (VPCs)

- Verb + particle: *show off*
- Particle + verb: *aufstehen* “to stand up” (German)
- Spelt as one word/two words
- Compositional or not

### Light Verb Constructions (LVCs)

- Verb + noun: *take care*
- Noun + verb: *Hilfe gewähren* “to grant aid” (German)
- Semi-compositional: the sense of the noun is dominant
- Verb + object, verb + PP, verb + other arguments

### Idioms

- Verb + argument(s):
  - *kick the bucket*
  - *see red*
  - *the cat is out of the bag*
- Non-compositional: none of the words preserve their meaning

### English VPCs in the Penn Treebank

- The special relation of the verb and particle within a VPC is distinctively marked in the Penn Treebank (Marcus et al., 1993)
- The **particle** is assigned a specific part of speech tag (**RP**)
- It also has a specific syntactic label (**PRT**)
- Marked both at the level of morphological and syntactic annotations

*Turn the light off.*  
VB DT NN RP  
(S (NP-SBJ \*) (VP turn (NP the light) (PRT off)))

### Hungarian VPCs in the Szeged Treebank

- VPCs in Hungarian with specific orthographical rules:
  - **Spelt as one word** when the particle is right before the verb
  - They can be **separated** due to word order
- In the latter case, they are marked as the preverb of the verb both at the morphological (**Rp**) and syntactic levels (**PREVERB**)

*fel fog ébredni* “he will wake up”  
Rp Vaip3s---n Vmnn  
(VP (PREVERB fel) (V fog) (INF ébredni))

### German VPCs in the TIGER Treebank

- VPCs in German with specific orthographical rules:
  - **Spelt as one word** when the particle is right before the verb
  - They can be **separated** due to word order
- In the latter case, they are marked as the particle of the verb both at the morphological (**PTKVZ**) and syntactic (**SVP**) levels

*Er nimmt es auf* “he picks it up”  
PPER VVFIN PPER PTKZV  
(S (SB Er) (HD nimmt) (EP es) (SVP auf))

### French MWVs in the French Treebank

- The French Treebank contains explicit morphological annotations for MWEs (Abeillé et al. 2003)
- Verbal MWEs are grouped in the treebank according to their POS patterns (like V N, V P N etc.)

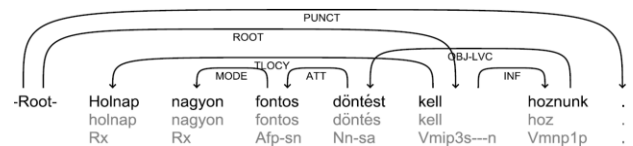
*avoir lieu* “to take place” VW+VN  
*entrer en vigueur* “to enter into force” VW+VPN  
*avoir beau jeu* “to have an easy job” VW+VAN

### References

- Abeillé, Anne; Clément, Lionel; Toussenet, François 2003: Building a treebank for French. In Abeillé, Anne (ed.): *Treebanks: building and using parsed corpora*. Kluwer, Chapter 10.
- Brants, Sabine; Dipper, Stefanie; Eisenberg, Peter; Hansen, Silvia; König, Esther; Lezius, Wolfgang; Rohrer, Christian; Smith, George; Uszkoreit, Hans 2004: TIGER: Linguistic Interpretation of a German Corpus. *Journal of Language and Computation* 2, 597–620.
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- Vincze, Veronika; Csirik, János 2010: Hungarian Corpus of Light Verb Constructions. In: *Proceedings of COLING 2010*, Beijing, China, pp. 1110–1118.
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### Hungarian LVCs in the Szeged Treebank

- The Szeged Constituency Treebank has been manually annotated for LVCs (Vincze and Csirik, 2010)
- No syntactic restrictions on the internal structure of LVCs (Vs. German)
- In the dependency version, dependency relations between the two members of LVCs were enhanced with **LVC-specific relations** (Vincze et al., 2013)
- The annotation found in the dependency treebank is more detailed
- In the constituency treebank, it was only the **syntactic boundaries of the phrases** that were marked
- In the dependency treebank the **inner syntactic relation** of the MWE is also encoded (see the sentence below “Tomorrow, we will have to make a very important decision.” )



### German LVCs in the TIGER Treebank

- In the TIGER corpus (Brants et al. 2004), LVCs that consist of a **verb** and a **prepositional phrase** are annotated
- The **PP** is marked with the relation **CVC** (collocational verb construction)
- **Verb-object pairs** are excluded from the annotation  
*Abschied nehmen* “to take leave” – not an LVC here  
*zur Diskussion bringen* “to discuss”  
(zur Diskussion)<sub>CVC</sub> bringen

### Comparisons

#### LVCs

- Annotated in 3 languages: German, Hungarian and French
- Level of annotation:
  - French: morphological level
  - Hungarian & German: syntactic level
- Coverage:
  - Hungarian & French: full coverage
  - German: restricted definition of LVC

#### VPCs

- Annotated in 3 languages: German, Hungarian and English
- Level of annotation:
  - morphological level
  - syntactic level
- Coverage:
  - English: full coverage
  - Hungarian & German: only if separated from the verb